

THE SECO/WARWICK GROUP

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD
JANUARY 1ST–SEPTEMBER 30TH 2011
PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL
FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

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1. General information

Information on the SECO/WARWICK Group

The parent undertaking of the SECO/WARWICK Group (“Group”, “Issuer’s Group”) is SECO/WARWICK Spółka Akcyjna of Świebodzin (“Issuer”, “Company”). The Company was incorporated on January 2nd 2007 by virtue of the decision issued by District Court for Zielona Góra, VIII Commercial Division of the National Court Register, and entered in the Register of Entrepreneurs of the National Court Register under No. KRS 0000271014.

The product range of the SECO/WARWICK Group comprises five main product categories:

- vacuum furnaces,
- aluminium heat exchanger brazing systems,
- aluminium heat treatment systems,
- atmosphere furnaces,
- metallurgy equipment used for melting and vacuum casting of metals and specialty alloys.

The SECO/WARWICK Group’s operations are divided into five business segments corresponding to the product groups:

- vacuum furnaces (Vacuum),
- aluminium heat exchanger brazing systems (Controlled Atmosphere Brazing),
- aluminium heat treatment systems (Aluminium Process),
- atmosphere furnaces (Thermal),
- metallurgy equipment used for melting and vacuum casting of metals and specialty alloys (Melting Furnaces).

SECO/WARWICK S.A. is the parent undertaking of the following six subsidiaries:

- SECO/WARWICK ThermAL S.A. (formerly: Lubuskie Zakłady Termotechniczne Elterma S.A.)
- SECO/WARWICK Corporation
- OOO SECO/WARWICK Group Moscow
- Retech Systems LLC
- SECO/WARWICK Retech Thermal Equipment Manufacturing Tianjin Co., Ltd.
- SECO/WARWICK GmbH

Other Group members are:

- SECO/WARWICK of Delaware Inc.
- Retech Tianjin Holdings LLC
- SECO/WARWICK Allied Pvt. Ltd. (Mumbai) India

The companies are described in detail in the table below.

Group structure as at September 30th 2011

Table: As at September the 30th 2011 and as at the date of release of these financial statements, the structure of the SECO/WARWICK Group was as follows:

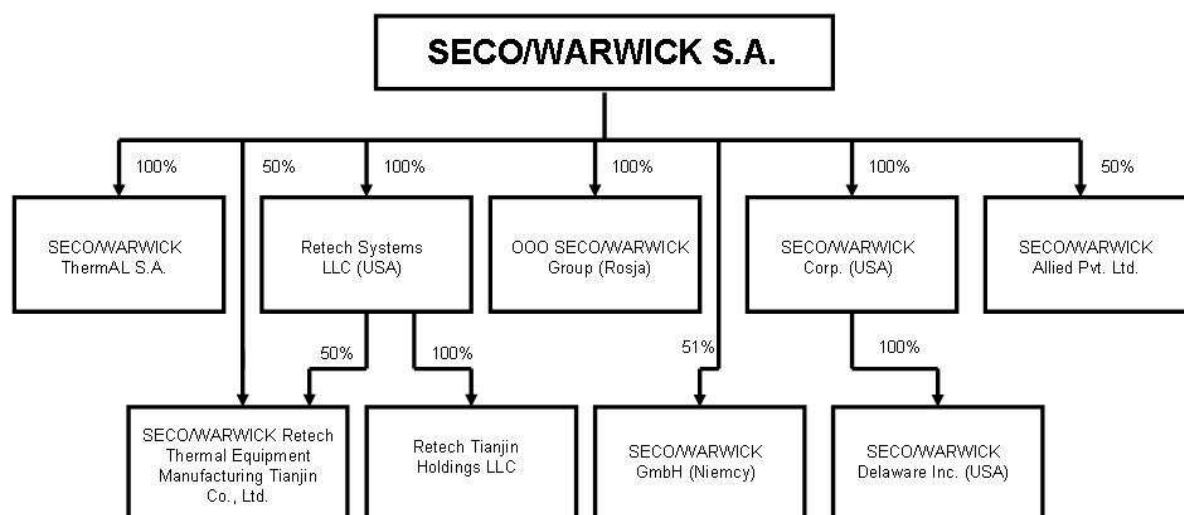
Company	Registered office	Business profile	Method of consolidation / valuation of equity holding	% of share capital held by the Group
Parent undertaking				
SECO/WARWICK S.A.	Świebodzin	Manufacture of vacuum furnaces, aluminium heat exchanger brazing systems and aluminium heat treatment systems	N/A	N/A
Direct and indirect subsidiaries				
SECO/WARWICK ThermAL S.A. (1)	Świebodzin	Manufacture of metal heat treatment equipment	Full method	100%
SECO/WARWICK Corp.	Meadville (USA)	Manufacture of metal heat treatment equipment	Full method	100%
SECO/WARWICK of Delaware, Inc. (2)	Wilmington (USA)	Management of holding companies; registration of trademarks and patents, and granting licences for use of the trademarks and patents by SECO/WARWICK Corp.	Full method	100%
OOO SECO/WARWICK Group Moscow	Moscow (Russia)	Distribution of the SECO/WARWICK Group's products	Full method	100%
Retech Systems LLC (3)	Ukiah (USA)	Trade and services; manufacture of metallurgy equipment used for melting and vacuum casting of metals and specialty alloys	Full method	100%
SECO/WARWICK Retech Thermal Equipment Manufacturing Tianjin Co., Ltd. (4)	Tianjin (China)	Manufacture of metal heat treatment equipment	Full method	100%
Retech Tianjin Holdings LLC (5)	(USA)	Management of holding companies	Full method	100%
SECO/WARWICK Allied Pvt. Ltd. (6)	Mumbai (India)	Manufacture of metal heat treatment equipment	Equity method	50%
SECO/WARWICK GmbH (7)	Stuttgart, Germany	Intermediation in the sale of furnaces manufactured by SECO/WARWICK S.A. and SECO/WARWICK ThermAL S.A., and provision of technical assistance to customers in Germany, Austria, the Netherlands, Liechtenstein and Slovenia.	Full method	51%

- (1) On January 5th 2011, by virtue of Resolution No. 1 concerning amendments to the company's Articles of Association, the Extraordinary General Shareholders Meeting of Lubuskie Zakłady Termotechniczne Elterma S.A., a subsidiary, renamed the company as SECO/WARWICK Thermal S.A.
- (2) SECO/WARWICK of Delaware, Inc. is an indirect subsidiary owned through SECO/WARWICK Corp., which holds a 100% stake in SECO/WARWICK of Delaware, Inc.
- (3) On November 16th 2010, SECO/WARWICK S.A. and James A. Goltz, a co-owner of Retech Systems LLC (USA), made an agreement concerning acquisition by SECO/WARWICK S.A. of a 50% equity interest in Retech Systems LLC. As a result of the transaction, SECO/WARWICK S.A. came to hold 100% of shares in Retech Systems LLC.
- (4) SECO/WARWICK Retech Thermal Equipment Manufacturing Tianjin Co., Ltd. of China. SECO/WARWICK Retech is a 50/50 joint venture of SECO/WARWICK S.A. and Retech Systems LLC.
- (5) Retech Tianjin Holdings LLC is an indirect subsidiary owned through Retech Systems LLC of USA, which holds a 100% stake in Retech Tianjin Holdings LLC.
- (6) The shares held by SECO/WARWICK S.A. represent 50% of SECO/WARWICK Allied Pvt.'s share capital and confer the right to 50% of the total vote at the company's general shareholders meeting.
- (7) On August 9th 2011, SECO/WARWICK GmbH of Germany became a member of the SECO/WARWICK Group. SECO/WARWICK S.A holds 51% of shares in the company, while Mr Thomas Wingens is a minority shareholder.

Composition of the SECO/WARWICK Group as at the date of release of these financial statements

In the period under review, SECO/WARWICK GmbH of Germany was established, while SECO/WARWICK Industrial Furnace Co.¹ was deconsolidated. SECO/WARWICK Industrial Furnace Co. Ltd. (Tianjin), in the previous period consolidated using the proportional consolidation method, was deconsolidated due to loss of control over the company. After September 30th 2011 and until the publication of these financial statements, there were no changes in the composition of the SECO/WARWICK Group.

The SECO/WARWICK Group's structure as at September 30th 2011 and the date of publication of these financial statements:



¹ Due to the fact that SECO/WARWICK Industrial Furnace Co. Ltd. (Tianjin) did not release its financial statements, the Management Board of SECO/WARWICK S.A. concluded that there was evidence of loss of control and, accordingly, deconsolidated the company. In accordance with the provisions of Section 34 of IAS 27, necessary adjustments were made in the consolidated financial statements.

2. Description of adopted accounting policies, including methods of measurement of assets, equity and liabilities, revenue and expenses

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared based on a historical cost approach, except with respect to financial derivatives, which are measured at fair value through the statement of comprehensive income (or in accordance with IAS 39 if hedge accounting is applied).

The consolidated financial statements are presented in the złoty ("PLN"), and unless specified otherwise, all the values are given in thousands of PLN.

The accounting policies and calculation methods applied in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those applied in the most recent annual financial statements.

Presentation of financial statements

Presentation of the statement of financial position

In accordance with IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements", assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position as current and non-current.

In accordance with IFRS 5, non-current assets held for sale are presented separately in the statement of financial position.

Presentation of the statement of comprehensive income

In accordance with IAS 1 "Presentation of financial statements", in the statement of comprehensive income expenses are presented by function.

Earnings per share

Net earnings per share for each period are determined by dividing net profit for the period by the weighted average number of shares outstanding in the period. The weighted average number of shares accounts for the dilutive effect of the issue of shares on the Warsaw Stock Exchange.

Intangible assets

As intangible assets the Group recognises such assets which are identifiable (they can be separated or sold), are controlled by the entity and are highly probable to bring future economic benefits to the entity.

Intangible assets include mainly software and development expense, and are initially recognised at cost, which includes purchase price, import duties and non-deductible taxes included in the price, decreased by discounts and rebates and increased by all expenditure directly connected with the preparation of the asset for its intended use.

In order to determine whether a self-created intangible asset meets the recognition criteria for an asset, the entity distinguishes two phases in the asset origination process:

- the research phase,
- the development phase.

All costs originating in the first phase are charged directly to expense of the period.

Components of intangible items created as a result of development work are capitalised by the Group only if the following criteria are met:

- it is certain that the intangible asset will be completed,
- it is possible to demonstrate that the asset can be used or sold,
- the expenditure incurred can be measured reliably.

Goodwill arises on acquisition of a business and corresponds to the excess of the cost of a business combination over the acquirer's share in the fair value of net identifiable assets, liabilities and

contingent liabilities. Following initial recognition, goodwill is recognised at cost less cumulative impairment losses. Goodwill is not amortised.

The table below summarises the Group's accounting policies with respect to intangible assets:

Item	Patents and licences	Computer software
Useful life	5–10 years	5–15 years
Method used	Amortised throughout the agreement term using the straight-line method	Amortised using the straight-line method
Origin	Acquired	Acquired
Review for impairment / recoverable value testing	Annual assessment whether there are any indications of impairment	Annual assessment whether there are any indications of impairment

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less cumulative depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is charged using the straight-line method by estimating the useful life of a given asset, which is:

Buildings and structures	from 10 to 40 years
Plant and equipment	from 5 to 30 years
Vehicles	from 5 to 10 years
Other tangible assets	from 5 to 15 years

Non-current assets held under finance lease agreements have been disclosed in the statement of financial position equally with other non-current assets and are depreciated in the same way.

The initial values of non-current assets held under finance lease agreements and of the obligations corresponding with such assets have been determined at amounts equal to the discounted value of future lease payments. Lease payments made in the reporting period have been charged against finance lease liabilities in an amount equal to the principal instalment and the excess (the finance charge) has been charged in full to finance expenses of the period.

Any gains and losses arising on a sale or liquidation are determined as the difference between the income from the sale and the net value of the tangible assets, and are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

The Group has adopted the principle that the residual value of tangible assets is always equal to "zero".

Tangible assets under construction

Tangible assets under construction include expenditure on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets which are not yet fit for use, but it is highly probable that they will be completed. Tangible assets under construction are presented in the statement of financial position at cost less impairment. Tangible assets under construction are not depreciated.

Investment property

The Group classifies as investment property all property which is considered a source of income (earns rentals) and/or is held for capital appreciation.

Investment property is carried at cost less cumulative depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is charged over the estimated useful life of the investment property, using the straight line method. Land is not depreciated.

Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets include equity interests in related undertakings, assets at fair value through profit or loss, hedging derivatives, loans and receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

Financial liabilities include loans and borrowings, other types of financing, overdraft facilities, financial liabilities at fair value through the statement of comprehensive income, hedging derivatives, trade payables, liabilities to suppliers of tangible assets, and lease liabilities.

Except for investments in subsidiaries, jointly controlled undertakings and associates, which are carried at cost in accordance with IAS 27 and IAS 28, financial assets and liabilities are recognised and measured in line with IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

Recognition and measurement of financial assets

Upon initial recognition, financial assets are recognised at fair value, which in the case of investments not measured at fair value through profit or loss is increased by transaction costs directly attributed to such assets.

Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised and carried at amounts initially invoiced, less any impairment losses on doubtful receivables. Impairment losses on receivables are estimated when the collection of the full amount of a receivable is no longer probable.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, the value of a receivable is determined by discounting the projected future cash flows to their present value using a discount rate that reflects the current market estimates of the time value of money. If the discount method has been applied, any increase in the receivable amount with the passage of time is recognised as finance income.

Other receivables include in particular prepayments made in connection with planned purchases of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and inventories. As non-monetary assets, prepayments are not discounted.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are held mainly in connection with the need to meet the Group's current demand for cash rather than for investment or any other purposes.

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in bank accounts, cash in hand, as well as all liquid instruments which may immediately be converted into cash of known amount and in the case of which the risk of value changes is insignificant.

Recognition and measurement of financial liabilities

Liabilities under loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value and then carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Transaction costs directly connected with acquisition or issue of a financial liability increase the carrying value of the liability, because upon initial recognition the liability is recognised at the fair value of amounts paid or received in exchange for the liability. Thereafter, such costs are amortised throughout the term of the liability, using the effective interest rate method.

Hedge accounting

Hedge accounting recognises the offsetting effects on the statement of comprehensive income of changes in the fair value of hedging instruments and the hedged items.

There are three types of hedging relationships:

- a) a fair value hedge: a hedge of the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognised asset or liability, or an identified portion of such an asset, liability or highly probable future liability, which is attributable to a particular risk and could affect the statement of comprehensive income;
- b) a cash flow hedge: a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability and could affect the statement of comprehensive income;
- c) a hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation as defined in IAS 21.

A hedging relationship qualifies for hedge accounting if, and only if, all of the following conditions are met:

- a) The hedging relationship is formally designated and documented, including the entity's risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge, at the time when the hedge is undertaken. The relevant documentation identifies the hedging instrument, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the hedged risk, as well as how the entity will assess the hedging instrument's effectiveness in offsetting the exposure to changes in the fair value of the hedged item or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk.
- b) The hedge is expected to be highly effective in offsetting changes in the fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk, based on the originally documented risk management strategy pertaining to a given hedging relationship.
- c) In the case of a cash flow hedge, the contemplated transaction to which the hedge relates is highly probable and exposed to variability in cash flows, which may ultimately affect the statement of comprehensive income.
- d) The effectiveness of the hedge can be reliably measured, i.e. the fair value or cash flows of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk, as well as the fair value of the hedging instrument, can be reliably measured.
- e) The hedge is assessed on an ongoing basis and determined to have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which the hedge was designated.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost, using a weighted average cost formula. Any downward adjustment of the value of inventories to the net selling price is made through recognition of impairment losses. Furthermore, inventories that are slow-moving or which have become obsolete or whose usability has become in any way limited, are revalued as at the end of each financial year. If the circumstances leading to a decrease in the value of inventories cease to apply, a reverse adjustment is made, i.e. inventories are remeasured at their pre-impairment value.

Impairment losses on inventories and stock-taking discrepancies are charged to cost of products sold.

Deferred income tax

In line with IAS 12 "Income Taxes", deferred income tax is determined using the liability method and recognised in the financial statements for all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax values, as well as for any unused tax loss carry-forwards. Deferred tax assets are recognised for temporary differences to the extent it is probable that the assets will be realised and that taxable profit will be available against which the differences can be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance-sheet date. Any previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that there will be future taxable income against which the assets can be realised.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associates only to the extent it is probable that:

- the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future, and
- taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

In line with IAS 12, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted. Deferred income tax is determined based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted as at the balance-sheet date.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the Group anticipates that the costs for which provisions have been made will be recovered, e.g. under an insurance agreement, any such recovery is recognised as a separate item of assets, but only when it is practically certain to occur.

The cost related to a given provision is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of any recoveries. If the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of a provision is determined by discounting the projected future cash flows to their present value, using a pre-tax discount rate reflecting the current market estimates of the time value of money, as well as any risk associated with a given obligation. If the discount method has been applied, any increase in the provision with the passage of time is charged to finance expenses.

The estimates of outcome and financial effect are determined by the judgement of the companies' management, based on past experience of similar transactions and, in some cases, reports from independent experts.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance-sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

The Group creates the following provisions:

- provision for warranty repairs – on the basis of the historical cost of warranty repairs;
- provision for unused holidays – in an amount equivalent to the number of days of accrued unused holidays multiplied by average gross daily pay;
- provision for retirement benefits and length-of-service awards – calculated by actuaries;
- provision for employee benefits – bonus payments, salaries and wages;
- provision for probable costs related to the current financial year which will only be invoiced in the following year (accrued expenses). Depending on the type of accrued expenses, they are charged to costs of products sold, selling costs or general and administrative expenses;
- provision for a defined benefit plan. Fixed contributions are paid to a separate entity (a fund), as a consequence of which the actuarial risk (that benefits will be lower than expected) and investment risk (that assets invested will be insufficient to meet the expected benefits) are borne by the Group.

Assumptions underlying the estimates and the provision amounts are reviewed as at each balance-sheet date.

Accruals and deferrals

In order to ensure the matching of revenues with related expenses, expenses relating to future periods and deferred income are posted under liabilities of a given reporting period.

Accrued expenses

The Group recognises accrued expenses at probable values of current-period liabilities arising in particular under:

- services provided to the Group by its business partners, where the liability can be reliably estimated,
- up to the estimated contract revenue, advances received under construction contracts reduce the receivables under settlement of long-term contracts.

Deferred and accrued income

Deferred/accrued income includes primarily government grants intended to finance assets and revenue, as well as any excess of estimated revenue related to the stage of completion of a long-term contract, in accordance with IAS 11, over advances received.

Government grants are disclosed in the statement of financial position at the amount of funds received and then recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Government grants are not credited directly to equity.

Accruals and deferrals settled over a period longer than 12 months as from the balance-sheet date are classified as non-current accruals and deferrals, whereas those settled over a period of 12 months or shorter are classified as current accruals and deferrals.

Functional currency and presentation currency

a) Functional currency and presentation currency

Items of the financial statements are measured in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (“functional currency”). The financial statements are presented in the Polish zloty (PLN), which is the functional currency and the presentation currency of the Group.

b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of these transactions, as well as from balance-sheet valuation of monetary assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies, are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, unless they are taken to equity (when they qualify for recognition as cash flow hedges or hedges of net investments).

Material judgements and estimates

In view of the fact that many items presented in the consolidated financial statements cannot be measured accurately, certain estimates need to be made in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. The Management Board reviews such estimates taking into account the changes in the factors on which such estimates were based, new information and past experience.

Depreciation/amortisation charges

Depreciation/amortisation charges are determined based on the expected useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. The Group reviews the useful lives of its assets annually, on the basis of current estimates.

Depreciation/amortisation charges for assets used under finance lease agreements

Depreciation/amortisation charges for items of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets used under finance lease agreements are determined based on their expected useful lives, which is consistent with depreciation policy for assets that are owned. Useful lives equal to agreement term are not applied. The Group assumes that assets used under lease agreements must be purchased.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised in respect of all unused tax losses to be deducted in the future to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available which will enable these losses to be utilised.

Provision for unused holidays

Provision for accrued employee holidays is determined based on the number of days of accrued unused holidays as at the end of the reporting period.

Provision for old-age and disability retirement benefits

Old-age and disability retirement severance pays are paid to employees of the Group's subsidiaries operating under the Polish law in accordance with the provisions of Art. 92 of the Polish Labour Code, whereas at foreign companies such severance pays are paid in accordance with the local labour laws. Actuarial valuation of long- and short-term benefits is performed as at the end of each financial year.

Provision for warranty repairs

Provision for warranty repairs is calculated on the basis of the historical costs of manufacturing of the equipment sold and of the warranty repairs made in the previous years.

Long-term contracts

To account for long-term contracts, the Group applies the provisions of IAS 11 "Construction Contracts". When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, the percentage of completion method is used. The stage of completion is determined by reference to the contract costs incurred to date and the total costs planned to be incurred.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group makes estimates regarding the outcome of each contract. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is immediately recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

The amount of such a loss is determined irrespective of: whether or not work has commenced on the contract, the stage of completion of contract activity, or the amount of profits expected to arise on other contracts which are not treated as single construction contracts in accordance with paragraph 9 of IAS 11.

The Group applies the above rules to account for commercial contracts related to the Group's core business whose performance terms exceed three months and whose total value is material from the point of view of reliability of the financial statements (revenue, expenses, and the financial result). The Group accrues only documented revenue, i.e. revenue which is guaranteed under the original contract, adjusted to account for any subsequent amendments to the original contract (annexes), or which constitutes any other revenue closely related to the project. Any changes of the contract revenue are taken into account if it is certain (i.e. a contract or annexes to a contract have been signed) or at least highly probable (i.e. annexes to a contract or preliminary contracts have been initialled) that the client will accept the amendments and the revenue amounts provided for in the amendments, and such revenue can be reliably measured.

The stage of completion of a contract is determined by reference to the contract costs actually incurred in the reporting period and documented by appropriate accounting evidence, and the costs of business partners not yet invoiced.

The revenue as at the end of the reporting period is determined based on the percentage of completion of the contract, net of any revenue which affected the financial result in previous reporting periods. Estimated contract revenue attributable to the given reporting period is recognised as revenue from sales of products for the period, and disclosed under assets in the statement of financial position as receivables under settlement of long-term contracts.

Any excess of advances received under a contract over the estimated revenue attributable to a given reporting period is recognised under liabilities as prepaid deliveries. Up to the amount of the estimated contract revenue, advances reduce the receivables under settlement of long-term contracts.

Any excess of invoiced revenue is recognised as deferred income.

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are remeasured at the end of each reporting period at their fair value as determined by the bank.

Subjective judgement

Where a given transaction does not fall within the scope of any standard or interpretation, the Management Board relies on its subjective judgment to determine and apply accounting policies

which will ensure that the financial statements contain only relevant and reliable information and that they:

- give an accurate, clear and fair view of the Group's assets, its financial standing, results of operations and cash flows,
- reflect the economic substance of transactions,
- are objective,
- conform with the principles of prudent valuation,
- are complete in all material respects.

Changes in accounting policies

Below are presented new standards and IFRIC interpretations which have been published by the International Accounting Standards Board and are effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1st 2011.

- **Amendments to IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures"** – simplification of disclosure requirements for government-related entities and clarification of the definition of a related party, endorsed by the EU on July 19th 2010,
- **Amendments to IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation"** – classification of rights issues", endorsed by the EU on December 23rd 2009,
- **Amendments to IFRS 1 "First-Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards"** – limited exemptions from comparative IFRS 7 disclosures for first-time adopters, endorsed by the EU on June 30th 2010,
- **Amendments to IFRIC 14 "IAS 19 - The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction"** – prepayments of a minimum funding requirement, endorsed by the EU on July 19th 2010,
- **Amendments to standards and interpretations: "Improvements to IFRS (2010)"** – made as part of annual improvements to IFRS, published on May 6th 2010 (IFRS 1, IFRS 3, IFRS 7, IAS 1, IAS 27, IAS 34, and IFRIC 13), aimed chiefly at eliminating any inconsistencies and clarifying the wording, endorsed by the EU on February 18th 2011,
- **IFRIC 19 "Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments"**, endorsed by the EU on July 23rd 2010.

Application of these amendments did not affect the Group's financial position or operating results.

New standards to be applied by the Group

Below are presented new standards and IFRIC interpretations which have been published by the International Accounting Standards Board but are not yet effective for the current reporting period.

- **IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"** – (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st 2013),
- **Amendments to IFRS 1 "First-Time Adoption of IFRS"**– severe hyperinflation and removal of fixed dates for first-time adopters (effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1st 2011),

- **Amendments to IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures"** – transfers of financial assets (effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1st 2011),
- **Amendments to IAS 12 "Income Tax" – deferred tax** – recovery of underlying assets (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1st 2012).

The Management Board does not expect the above standards and interpretations to have any significant effect on the accounting policies applied by the Company, save for the need to make certain additional or new disclosures. The Group is in the process of analysing the consequences and effects of applying these new standards and interpretations on its financial statements.

3. Financial highlights

The table below presents average EUR/PLN exchange rates quoted by the National Bank of Poland for the periods covered by these financial statements and by the historical financial information:

Financial year	Sep 30 2011	Dec 31 2010	Sep 30 2010
Average exchange rate for the period*	4.0413	4.0044	4.0027
Exchange rate effective for the last day of the period	4.4112	3.9603	3.9870

*) Average of the exchange rates effective for the last day of each month in the period.

Assets and equity and liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position have been translated using the EUR/PLN exchange rates quoted by the National Bank of Poland for the last day of the period.

Items of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and consolidated statement of cash flows have been translated using the exchange rates calculated as the arithmetic means of the EUR/PLN mid market rates quoted by the National Bank of Poland as effective for the last day of each month in the reporting period.

The table below presents key items of the consolidated statement of financial position, statement of comprehensive income and statement of cash flows disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and the comparative data, translated into the euro:

Financial highlights - consolidated

Item	Q3 YTD Jan 1–Sep 30		Q3 YTD Jan 1–Sep 30	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	(PLN '000)		(EUR '000)	
Net sales revenue	265,251	118,794	65,634	29,679
Cost of sales	-197,947	-93,773	-48,981	-23,428
Operating profit/(loss)	23,713	-3,401	5,868	-850
Pre-tax profit/(loss)	20,449	-589	5,060	-147
Net profit/(loss)	14,355	119	3,552	30

Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	8,726	-7,979	2,159	-1,993
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	-5,604	-7,478	-1,387	-1,868
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	-4	3,054	-1	763
	Sep 30 2011	Dec 31 2010	Sep 30 2011	Dec 31 2010
Total assets	385,098	338,818	87,300	85,554
Total liabilities	159,875	130,816	36,243	33,032
<i>of which current liabilities</i>	128,342	98,616	29,095	24,901
Equity	225,223	208,002	51,057	52,522
Share capital	3,652	3,652	828	922

The table below presents key items of the separate statement of financial position, statement of comprehensive income and statement of cash flows disclosed in the separate financial statements and the comparable data, translated into the euro:

Separate financial highlights

Item	Q3 YTD Jan 1–Sep 30		Q3 YTD Jan 1–Sep 30	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	(PLN '000)		(EUR '000)	
Net sales revenue	90,702	65,129	22,444	16,271
Cost of sales	-64,761	-45,346	-16,025	-11,329
Operating profit/(loss)	6,888	4,781	1,704	1,194
Pre-tax profit/(loss)	6,570	5,162	1,626	1,290
Net profit/(loss)	5,150	4,075	1,274	1,018
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	-5,585	2,740	-1,382	684
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	-857	-13,568	-212	-3,390
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	5,906	-63	1,461	-16
	Sep 30 2011	Dec 31 2010	Sep 30 2011	Dec 31 2010
Total assets	233,034	216,541	52,828	54,678
Total liabilities	61,590	47,560	13,962	12,009
<i>of which current liabilities</i>	46,713	32,925	10,590	8,314
Equity	171,445	168,981	38,866	42,669
Share capital	3,652	3,652	828	922

INTERIM CONDENSED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD
JANUARY 1ST–SEPTEMBER 30TH 2011

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (PLN '000)

Assets	As at Sep 30 2011	As at Jun 30 2011	As at Dec 31 2010	As at Sep 30 2010
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	158,091	142,727	150,144	117,677
Property, plant and equipment	55,898	52,733	53,390	46,450
Investment property	425	429	435	438
Goodwill	62,067	52,432	58,001	4,397
Other intangible assets	13,810	13,897	13,705	10,480
Investments in associates	17,210	16,602	17,907	50,353
Financial assets available for sale	3	3	3	3
Other financial assets		52		
Loans and receivables				1
Deferred tax assets	8,677	6,580	6,703	5,556
CURRENT ASSETS	225,353	187,227	183,124	110,737
Inventories	24,823	23,558	21,168	18,353
Trade receivables	75,625	57,916	63,771	28,151
Other current receivables	15,348	11,709	8,953	9,489
Prepayments and accrued income	3,022	3,282	1,959	2,851
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		933	366	237
Loans and receivables		1	5	5
Cash and cash equivalents	18,349	12,772	14,489	12,809
Contract settlement	88,186	77,056	72,415	38,842
ASSETS HELD FOR SALE	1 654	1,654	5,550	5,600
TOTAL ASSETS	385,098	331,608	338,818	234,015

Equity and liabilities	As at Sep 30 2011	As at Jun 30 2011	As at Dec 31 2010	As at Sep 30 2010
EQUITY	225,223	198,334	208,002	169,066
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	224,812	198,334	208,002	168,376
Share capital	3,652	3,652	3,652	3,471
Statutory reserve funds	177,662	177,662	172,843	140,914
Other capital reserves	112	112	35	36
Retained earnings/(deficit)	43,387	16,908	31,472	23,955
Non-controlling interests	411			690
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	31,533	24,256	28,945	16,041
Loans and borrowings	7,363	4,815	8,892	
Financial liabilities	131	131	167	361
Deferred tax liabilities	16,593	12,223	12,476	10,600
Provision for retirement and similar benefits	3,041	2,667	2,985	2,705
Accruals and deferred income	4,406	4,420	4,425	2,376
CURRENT LIABILITIES	128,342	109,018	98,616	45,867
Loans and borrowings	29,284	21,125	27,457	2,370
Financial liabilities	10,250	725	353	562
Trade payables	27,016	23,634	24,309	17,479
Taxes, customs duties and social security payable	3,603	3,457	2,824	2,193
Other current liabilities	6,231	5,774	4,385	2,837
Provision for retirement and similar benefits	1,541	1,587	3,579	970
Other provisions	5,744	4,571	4,401	2,634
Accruals and deferred income	44,674	48,145	31,308	16,823
LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE			3,254	3,041
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	385,098	331,608	338,818	234,015



INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (PLN '000)

	Jan 1–Sep 30 2011	Jul 1–Sep 30 2011	Jan 1–Sep 30 2010	Jul 1–Sep 30 2010
	(Q3 2011 YTD)	(Q3 2011)	(Q3 2010 YTD)	(Q3 2010)
Net sales revenue, including:	265,251	110,528	118,794	53,861
Net revenue from sales of products	263,923	109,827	117,842	53,505
Net revenue from sales of goods for resale and materials	1,327	700	952	356
Cost of sales, including:	-197,947	-74,886	-93,773	-39,648
Cost of products sold	-197,047	-74,386	-93,171	-39,423
Cost of goods for resale and materials sold	-900	-500	-602	-225
Gross profit/(loss)	67,304	35,641	25,021	14,213
Other operating income	2,122	990	953	526
Selling costs	-13,937	-4,579	-7,902	-2,637
General and administrative expenses	-28,730	-8,974	-20,889	-7,601
Other operating expenses	-3,045	-1,303	-584	-236
Operating profit/(loss)	23,713	21,775	-3,401	4,266
Gain (loss) on disposal / result related to loss of control	-294			
Finance income	2,174	118	2,825	988
Finance expenses	-5,181	-3,495	-1,447	-886
Share in net profit/(loss) of associates	37	-106	1,435	-165
Pre-tax profit/(loss)	20,449	18,292	-589	4,203
Income tax	-5,775	-4,707	1,206	-393
Net profit/(loss) on continuing operations	14,674	13,585	617	3,809
Profit/(loss) on discontinued operations			-558	90
Profit/(loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	-319	-319	-60	-60
Net profit/(loss) for financial year	14,355	13,265	119	3,959

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:	for the period	Jul 1–Sep 30 2011	for the period	Jul 1–Sep 30 2010
	Jan 1–Sep 30 2011		Jan 1–Sep 30 2010	
	(Q3 2011 YTD)	(Q3 2011)	(Q3 2010 YTD)	(Q3 2010)
Valuation of derivative instruments:	-3,049	-3,094	132	791
- Valuation of cash flow hedging derivatives	-3,765	-3,820	163	976
- Corporate income tax relating to derivative instruments	715	726	-31	-185
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	6,477	16,307	2,051	-10,027
Other comprehensive income, net	3,427	13,213	1,919	9,237
Total comprehensive income	17,782	26,479	2,038	-5,278

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (PLN '000)

	Jan 1–Sep 30 2011	Jan 1–Sep 30 2010
	(Q3 2011 YTD)	(Q3 2010 YTD)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Pre-tax profit/(loss)	20,449	-589
Total adjustments:	-10,307	-7,423
Share in net profit of subordinated undertakings accounted for with equity method	-37	-1,435
Depreciation and amortisation	4,595	3,623
Foreign exchange gains/(losses)	-33	193
Interest and profit distributions (dividends)	1,120	466
Profit/(loss) on investing activities	-1,668	-1,097
Change in provisions	-1,144	-618
Change in inventories	-2,901	-2,339
Change in receivables	-15,838	-12,396
Change in current liabilities (other than financial liabilities)	1,819	9,751
Change in accruals and deferrals	-3,225	-1,099
Derivatives	8,264	-725
Other adjustments	-1,259	-1,748
Cash from operating activities	10,143	-8,012
Income tax (paid)/refunded	-1,417	33
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	8,726	-7,979
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Cash provided by investing activities	1,847	398
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	219	53
Other cash provided by financial assets	5	6
Cash received in connection with derivative instruments	1,624	339
Cash used in investing activities	7,451	7,876
Investments in intangible assets, property, plant and equipment, and investment property	5,616	7,031
Acquisition of related undertakings	849	
Other cash used in investing activities	478	845
Cash of companies over which the Group lost control	508	
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	-5,604	-7,478
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash provided by financing activities	20,332	3,658
Net proceeds from issue of shares, other equity instruments and additional contributions to equity	931	1,444
Loans and borrowings	19,401	2,213
Cash used in financing activities	20,336	603
Dividends and other distributions to owners	1,048	
Repayment of loans and borrowings	18,247	225

Decrease in finance lease liabilities	215	253
Interest paid	826	125
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	-4	3,054
Total net cash flow	3,118	-12,402
Balance-sheet change in cash, including:	2,189	-11,257
- effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held	-184	338
Cash at beginning of period	14,946	25,103
Cash at end of period, including:	18,064	12,701
- restricted cash		

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (PLN '000)

	Share capital	Statutory reserve funds	Capital reserve from revaluation of derivatives	Other capitals	Translation reserve	Retained earnings/(deficit)	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Equity as at Jan 1 2010	3,471	143,833	0	2	1,072	17,529	0,	165,906
Total comprehensive income for nine months ended Sep 30 2010			-132	0	2,051	119		2,038
Distribution of profit/ (coverage of loss)		-2,918				2,918		
Change in the Group's structure (acquisitions/disposals)							690	690
Share-based payments				34				34
Changes in equity of SECO/WARWICK Allied (India) not related to net profit/loss						399		399
Equity as at Sep 30 2010	3,471	140,914	-132	36	3,122	20,965	0,	169,066
Equity as at Jan 1 2010	3,471	143,833	0	2	1,072	17,529	0,	165,906
Total comprehensive income for twelve months ended Dec 31 2010			-17		83	14,546		14,612
Share issue	181	26,124						26,305
Distribution of profit		-2,918				2,918		
Share-based payments				33				33
Transfer of previous years' profit/loss to statutory reserve funds		5,804				-5,804		
Changes in equity of SECO/WARWICK Allied (India) not related to net profit/loss						399		399
Changes in equity of RETECH not related to net profit/loss						747		747
Equity as at Dec 31 2010	3,652	172,843	-17	35	1,155	30,335		208,002
Equity as at Jan 1 2011	3,652	172,843	-17	35	1,155	30,335		208,002
Total comprehensive income for nine months ended Sep 30 2011			-3,049		6,477	14,355		17,782
Distribution of profit (dividend)						-1,048		-1,048
Transfer of previous years' profit/loss to statutory reserve funds		4,819				-4,819		
Share-based payments				76				76
Equity attributable to minority interests in SECO/WARWICK GmbH							411	411



HEAT TREATMENT EQUIPMENT

Equity as at Sep 30 2011	3,652	177,662	-3,067	111	7,632	38,823,	411	225,223
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INTERIM CONDENSED
SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD
JANUARY 1ST–SEPTEMBER 30TH 2011

INTERIM SEPARATE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(PLN '000)

Assets	As at Sep 30 2011	As at Jun 30 2011	As at Dec 31 2010	As at Sep 30 2010
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	134,517	133,453	133,018	97,605
Property, plant and equipment	24,543	24,841	24,887	25,435
Investment property	425	429	435	438
Other intangible assets	12,647	12,746	12,534	10,369
Investments in subsidiary, jointly- controlled and associated undertakings	94,093	93,296	93,244	58,977
Deferred tax assets	2,809	2,142	1,919	2,386
CURRENT ASSETS	97,691	79,834	82,634	68,241
Inventories	13,524	11,947	10,058	10,398
Trade receivables	42,003	38,820	36,737	16,672
Other current receivables	7,985	5,829	4,100	4,634
Prepayments and accrued income	673	1,184	729	985
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		782	47	
Loans and receivables	4,441	4,000	4,741	4,731
Cash and cash equivalents	2,267	3,677	2,779	7,803
Contract settlement	26,798	13,595	23,444	23,017
ASSETS HELD FOR SALE	826	826	889	1,018
TOTAL ASSETS	233,034	214,112	216,541	166,865

Equity and liabilities	As at Sep 30 2011	As at Jun 30 2011	As at Dec 31 2010	As at Sep 30 2010
EQUITY	171,445	166,843	168,981	138,363
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	171,445	166,843	168,981	138,363
Share capital	3,652	3,652	3,652	3,471
Statutory reserve funds	161,361	161,361	154,136	128,011
Other capital reserves	112	112	36	36
Retained earnings/(deficit)	6,320	1,719	11,158	6,845
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	14,877	12,317	14,635	7,047
Loans and borrowings	5,293	4,815	5,928	
Financial liabilities			4	8
Deferred tax liabilities	5,068	2,971	4,168	4,593
Provision for retirement and similar benefits	110	110	110	70
Accruals and deferred income	4,406	4,420	4,425	2,376
CURRENT LIABILITIES	46,713	34,953	32,925	21,455
Loans and borrowings	15,087	7,533	7,323	
Financial liabilities	5,880	190	72	379
Trade payables	10,754	9,046	12,956	9,825
Taxes, customs duties and social security payable	1,538	1,797	1,422	1,440
Other current liabilities	1,366	3,070	1,820	1,760
Provision for retirement and similar benefits	1,217	1,123	1,977	489
Other provisions	2,080	1,592	1,604	1,123
Accruals and deferred income	8,791	10,601	5,751	6,439
LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE				
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	233,034	214,112	216,541	166,865

INTERIM SEPARATE STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (PLN '000)

	Jan 1–Sep 30 2011 (unaudited)	for the period Jul 1–Sep 30 2011 (unaudited)	Jan 1–Sep 30 2010 (unaudited)	for the period Jul 1–Sep 30 2010 (unaudited)
	(Q3 2011 YTD)	(Q3 2011)	(Q3 2010 YTD)	(Q3 2010)
Net sales revenue, including:	90,702	41,503	65,129	30,886
Net revenue from sales of products	90,485	41,447	64,884	30,820
Net revenue from sales of goods for resale and materials	217	56	245	66
Cost of sales, including:	-64,761	-26,207	-45,346	-20,188
Cost of products sold	-64,592	-26,168	-45,184	-20,145
Cost of goods for resale and materials sold	-170	-39	-162	-43
Gross profit/(loss)	25,941	15,296	19,783	10,699
Other operating income	2,094	988	988	457
Selling costs	-3,747	-1,062	-3,569	-1,253
General and administrative expenses	-15,202	-4,660	-11,637	-4,216
Other operating expenses	-2,197	-1,092	-785	-287
Operating profit/(loss)	6,888	9,470	4,781	5,401
Finance income	3,901	1,907	1,916	199
Finance expenses	-4,219	-3,321	-1,534	-622
Pre-tax profit/(loss)	6,570	8,056	5,162	4,977
Income tax	-1,420	-1,696	-1,087	-964
Net profit/(loss) on continuing operations	5,150	6,360	4,075	4,013
Net profit/(loss) for financial year	5,150	6,360	4,075	4,013

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:	Jan 1–Sep 30 2011	for the period Jul 1–Sep 30 2011	Jan 1–Sep 30 2010	for the period Jul 1–Sep 30 2010
	(Q3 2011 YTD)	(Q3 2011)	(Q3 2010 YTD)	(Q3 2010)
Valuation of cash flow hedging derivatives	-2,116	-2,171	-163	976
Income tax relating to other comprehensive income	402	412	31	-185
Other comprehensive income, net	-1,714	-1,759	-132	790
Total comprehensive income	3,436	4,601	3,943	4,803

INTERIM SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (PLN '000)

	Jan 1–Sep 30 2011	Jan 1–Sep 30 2010
	(Q3 2011 YTD)	(Q3 2010 YTD)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Pre-tax profit/(loss)	6,570	5,162
Total adjustments:	-10,738	-1,555
Depreciation and amortisation	2,000	1,887
Foreign exchange gains/(losses)	-722	181
Interest and profit distributions (dividends)	248	30
Profit/(loss) on investing activities	-1,393	361
Change in provisions	-284	-554
Change in inventories	-3,466	-2,037
Change in receivables	-8,743	-6,053
Change in current liabilities (other than financial liabilities)	-1,946	4,924
Change in accruals and deferrals	-277	1,287
Derivatives	3,771	-1,614
Other adjustments	76	33
Cash from operating activities	-4,168	3,608
Income tax (paid)/refunded	-1,417	-868
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	-5,585	2,740
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Cash provided by investing activities	2,457	102
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	155	
Repayment of non-current loans advanced	691	
Cash received in connection with derivative instruments	1,425	102
Interest income	187	
Cash used in investing activities	3,314	13,670
Investments in intangible assets, property, plant and equipment, and investment property	1,987	6,305
Acquisition of related undertakings	849	1,751
Loans advanced		4,779
Other cash used in investing activities	478	835
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	-857	-13,568
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash provided by financing activities	8,558	
Loans and borrowings	8,558	
Cash used in financing activities	2,652	63
Dividends and other distributions to owners	1,048	
Repayment of loans and borrowings	1,133	
Decrease in finance lease liabilities	37	32
Interest paid	434	30
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	5,906	-63
Total net cash flow	-537	-10,891
Balance-sheet change in cash, including:	-512	-10,860
- effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held	25	32
Cash at beginning of period	2,742	18,495
Cash at end of period	2,205	7,604

INTERIM SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (PLN '000)

	Share capital	Statutory reserve funds	Capital reserve from revaluation of hedging instruments	Other capital reserves	Retained earnings/deficit	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Nine months ended Sep 30 2010							
Equity as at Jan 1 2010	3,471	128,530	0	2	2,382	0	134,386
Total comprehensive income for nine months ended Sep 30 2010			-132		4,075		3,943
Share-based payments				34			34
Distribution of profit		-520			520		0
Equity as at Sep 30 2010	3,471	128,011	(132)	36	6,977	0	138,363
Twelve months ended Dec 31 2010							
Equity as at Jan 1 2010	3,471	128,530	0	2	2,382	0	134,386
Total comprehensive income for twelve months ended Dec 31 2010			-17		8,273		8,256
Share capital increase (share premium account)	181	26,125					26,306
Share-based payments				34			34
Distribution of profit		-520			520		0
Equity as at Dec 31 2010	3,652	154,136	-17	36	11,175	0	168,981
Nine months ended Sep 30 2011							
Equity as at Jan 1 2011	3,652	154,136	-17	36	11,175	0	168,981
Total comprehensive income for nine months ended Sep 30 2011			-1,714		5,150		3,436
Share-based payments				76			76
Dividends		-1,048					-1,048
Distribution of profit		8,273			-8,273		0
Equity as at Sep 30 2011	3,652	161,361	-1,731	112	8,052	0	171,445

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30TH 2011

Selected supplementary information

As provided for under IAS 18, revenue from the sales of products, goods for resale, materials and services, net of any VAT, discounts and rebates, is recognised when the entity has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards incidental to their ownership.

Sales revenue and total revenue and income of the Group are as follows:

Item	Q3 2011	Q3 2010
Sales of products	263,923	117,842
Sales of goods for resale and materials	1,327	952
TOTAL sales revenue	265,251	118,794
Other operating income	2,122	953
Finance income	2,174	2,825
TOTAL revenue and income	269,547	122,572

OPERATING SEGMENTS

IFRS 8 "Operating Segments", which has superseded the previously binding IAS 14 "Segment Reporting", has been effective since January 1st 2009. The new standard introduces the "management approach" to segment disclosures and requires that segment information be presented based on those components of the entity that the management monitors in making decisions about operating matters. An operating segment is a component of an entity for which discrete financial information is available and whose results are reviewed regularly by the entity's chief decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance. This change in accounting standards has had no impact on the Group's segment reporting.

The SECO/WARWICK Group's business comprises the following segments:

Vacuum furnaces (Vacuum)

Vacuum furnaces have multiple applications in a number of industries, including machine tool, aviation, power, electrical engineering, medical equipment, automotive and specialised industries. Vacuum furnaces may be used in a wide variety of processes, such as heat treatment of steel and alloys, brazing, sintering, and degassing. Use of vacuum furnaces brings economic benefits. They are also environmentally friendly.

Aluminium heat exchanger brazing systems (CAB)

The CAB systems are used primarily in the automotive industry for brazing heat exchangers mounted in passenger cars and trucks (charge air coolers, air conditioning evaporators and condensers, oil coolers, etc.). Outside the automotive sector, CAB processes are used in the manufacture of IC radiators, steam condensers for CHP plants, exhaust gas heat exchangers for power generators, etc.

Atmosphere furnaces (Thermal)

Atmosphere furnaces are widely used in the process of thermal and thermochemical treatment of steel and metals in protective atmospheres for improved hardness. Atmosphere furnaces designed for thermochemical treatment are employed in the gas carburising, gas nitriding and other processes. Such furnaces are used chiefly by the automotive and metal industries, including for the manufacturing of anti-friction bearings, as well as for use in commercial hardening plants and specialty industries.

Aluminium heat treatment systems (Aluminium Process)

The SECO/WARWICK Group specialises in a selected range of aluminium heat treatment processes, which generally offer a plethora of applications. The Aluminium Process solutions offered by the

Group are used in the production of aluminium sheet for the automotive and aviation industries, as well as for the manufacturing of packaging foil for multiple applications. In addition, the Aluminium Process systems are used to heat treat aluminium castings.

Melting furnaces

The metallurgy applications of the vacuum melting furnaces include alloying, melting and purifying specialty metals, including reactive metals (e.g. titanium, zirconium) and heat-resistant metals (e.g. tantalum). Due to their physical properties, specialty metals may only be treated with the use of technologically advanced solutions under high vacuum conditions.

The different types of melting furnaces include melting and holding furnaces used for the manufacture of precision castings (such as components of jet engines, power turbines, and medical implants).

Melting furnaces may also be used as an element of the globally-unique processes involving disposal of hazardous waste (such as nuclear by-products).

Financial data for the segments include only segment revenue, expenses and profit or loss. It is impracticable for the Group to allocate assets to the particular segments as its plant and equipment (including buildings and structures) is shared by all the segments.

Revenue and profit/loss of operating segments as at Sep 30th 2011

Item	Continuing operations						Discontinued operations	Unallocated items	Total operations
	Vacuum	CAB	Thermal	Aluminium Process	Melting Furnaces	Total			
<i>Segment net profit/(loss)</i>									
Total segment revenue	55,000	21,009	65,719	18,822	80,848	241,398		23,853	265,251
Total segment expenses	(38,866)	(14,159)	(47,503)	(14,847)	(66,635)	(182,010)		(15,937)	(197,947)
General and administrative expenses								(28,730)	(28,730)
Selling costs								(13,937)	(13,937)
Operating income								2,122	2,122
Operating expenses								(3,045)	(3,045)
Profit/(loss) on continuing operations before tax and finance expenses	16,134	6,850	18,215	3,976	14,213	59,388			23,713
Finance income								2,174	2,174
Finance expenses								(5,181)	(5,181)
Pre-tax profit/(loss)									20,706
Income tax								(5,775)	(5,775)
Net profit/(loss) on continuing operations									14,931
Gain (loss) on disposal / result related to loss of control over subordinated undertakings								(294)	(294)
Share in profit of associate								37	37
Profit (loss) attributable to minority interests								(319)	(319)
Net profit/(loss) for period									14,355

Revenue and profit/loss of operating segments as at Sep 30th 2010

Item	Continuing operations						Discontinued operations	Unallocated items	Total operations
	Vacuum	CAB	Thermal	Aluminium Process	Melting Furnaces	Total			
<i>Segment net profit/(loss)</i>									
Total segment revenue	47,959	10,234	40,165	2,400	4,778	105,536		13,258	118,794
Total segment expenses	(31,209)	(7,465)	(35,137)	(3,041)	(4,107)	(80,959)		(12,814)	(93,773)
General and administrative expenses								(20,889)	(20,889)
Selling costs								(7,902)	(7,902)
Operating income								953	953
Operating expenses								(584)	(584)
Profit/(loss) on continuing operations before tax and finance expenses	16,750	2,769	5,028	(641)	671	24,577			(3,401)
Finance income								2,825	2,825
Net finance expenses								(1,447)	(1,447)
Share in profit of associate								1,435	1,435
Pre-tax profit/(loss)									(589)
Income tax								1,206	1,206
Net profit/(loss) on continuing operations									617
Profit/(loss) on discontinued operations							(558)		(558)
Profit/(loss) attributable to non-controlling interests									(60)
Net profit/(loss) for period									119

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

In the period January 1st–September 30th 2011, the cost of acquired intangible assets and property, plant and equipment at the SECO/WARWICK Group amounted to PLN 5,616 thousand.

Item	Sep 30 2011	Dec 31 2010	Sep 30 2010
Tangible assets	51,729	50,059	40,097
Tangible assets under construction	4,169	3,178	6,353
Prepayments for tangible assets under construction		153	
Property, plant and equipment	55,898	53,390	46,450

IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON ASSETS

The SECO/WARWICK Group did not recognise any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses on intangible assets in the periods under review.

Trade receivables whose value as at September 30th 2011 amounted to PLN 1,826 thousand were classified as uncollectible, and thus an impairment loss for those receivables was recognised. As at December 31st 2010, impairment losses amounted to PLN 1,901 thousand.

The value of shares in SECO/WARWICK Tianjin was recognised in the consolidated financial statements in the amount of PLN 1,654 thousand resulting from the share sale agreement. Therefore, a PLN 531 thousand impairment loss was recognised with respect to the acquisition cost.

As at September 30th 2011, SECO/WARWICK S.A. carried an impairment loss on property, plant and equipment in the amount of PLN 486 thousand. The value of impairment losses did not change from the end of 2010.

As at September 30th 2011, the SECO/WARWICK Group carried impairment losses on inventories in the amount of PLN 1,691 thousand (as at the end of 2010: PLN 1,644 thousand).

DIVIDENDS DECLARED OR APPROVED BY WAY OF RESOLUTION BY THE DATE OF APPROVAL OF THESE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

On May 26th 2011, the Annual General Shareholders Meeting of SECO/WARWICK S.A. adopted Resolution No. 20 concerning distribution of profit for the period January 1st–December 31st 2010. Net profit earned by SECO/WARWICK S.A. of Świebodzin for the financial year 2010 was PLN 8,273,151.42. PLN 1,047,621.00 was allocated to dividend payment. Dividend per share amounted to PLN 0.10. There are no preference shares of the Issuer. The dividend record date was June 16th 2011, while the dividend payment date was July 1st 2011.

INVESTMENT COMMITMENTS

As at September 30th 2011, the Group had investment commitments in the amount of PLN 10 thousand.

As at September 30th 2010, SECO/WARWICK S.A. had no investment commitments towards SECO/WARWICK ALLIED Pvt. LTD (as at the end of 2010, its investment commitments towards the company were PLN 490 thousand). The commitments arose under the share purchase agreement concerning shares in the company.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET CONSOLIDATED ITEMS

Changes in contingent liabilities and contingent assets which occurred after the end of the previous financial year

	As at Sep 30 2011	As at Dec 31 2010	As at Sep 30 2010
Contingent receivables	96	72	72
From related undertakings			
From other undertakings (including)	96	72	72
- guarantees and sureties	96	72	72
Contingent liabilities	57,265	33,006	27,654
From related undertakings	4,886		
From other undertakings (including)	52,379	33,006	27,654
- guarantees and sureties	52,379	33,006	27,654

SURETIES ISSUED BY SECO/WARWICK S.A.

Company name	Bank name	Surety in respect of	Currency	Sep 30 2011	AMOUN T (PLN)
S/W ALLIED Pvt. Ltd.		Guarantee and credit facility	INR	225,000	14,952
RETECH Systems		Credit guarantee	USD	1,000	3,257
RETECH Systems		Guarantee and credit facility	USD	19,000	61,891
TOTAL					80,100

Company name	Bank name	Surety in respect of	Currency	Dec 31 2010	AMOUN T (PLN)
S/W ALLIED Pvt. Ltd.		Guarantee and credit facility	INR	147,500	9,949
RETECH Systems		Credit guarantee	USD	1,000	2,964
RETECH Systems		Guarantee and credit facility	USD	15,000	44,462
LZT ELTERMA	BZ WBK	Guarantee facility	PLN	2,500	2,500
TOTAL					59,875

On April 6th 2011, the Management Board of the Company adopted a resolution to increase the value of surety granted for SECO/WARWICK Allied Pvt. Ltd. (India) from INR 147,500 thousand to INR 225,000 thousand. The total value of the surety, translated at the mid-exchange rate quoted by the National Bank of Poland for the date of the resolution, is PLN 14,233 thousand.

On November 17th 2010, SECO/WARWICK S.A. provided indemnification against any claims under guarantees issued to James A. Goltz in relation to a credit facility provided to RETECH Systems by East West Bank.

On March 10th 2011, Retech Systems LLC executed an annex to Credit Facility Agreement No. 3001971 which raised the guarantee and credit facility limit from USD 15,000 thousand to USD 19,000 thousand. Following the increase in the facility limit, the value of the surety issued by SECO/WARWICK S.A. for Retech Systems LLC was raised by USD 4,000 thousand.

PROVISIONS FOR RESTRUCTURING

In the period from January 1st 2011 to September 30th 2011, the SECO/WARWICK Group did not create any provisions for restructuring costs.

SETTLEMENTS RELATED TO COURT CASES

In the opinion of the parent undertaking's Management Board, there are no material settlements related to court cases.

Consistency of the accounting policies and calculation methods applied in the preparation of the interim financial statements for Q3 2011

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the IFRS endorsed by the European Union. The IFRS comprise standards and interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

These interim condensed separate consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34.

Seasonality or cyclicity in the operations of SECO/WARWICK S.A. or its Group

The operations of the SECO/WARWICK Group are not subject to any material seasonality or cyclicity factors.

Types and amounts of items affecting assets, equity and liabilities, share capital, net profit/(loss), or cash flows which are unusual due to their type, size or effect

In the business activities of SECO/WARWICK S.A. and its Group, there are no material types or amounts of items that would affect assets, equity and liabilities, share capital, net profit/(loss) or cash flows and that would be unusual due to their type, size or effect.

Types and amounts of changes in estimates disclosed in previous interim periods of the financial year 2011 or changes in estimates disclosed in previous financial years if they have a material bearing on Q3 2011

In the business activities of SECO/WARWICK S.A. and its Group, there were no changes in the estimates that were disclosed in previous interim periods of 2011 and previous financial years and that would, due to their type or amount, have a material bearing on the results for Q3 2011.

Issues, redemptions and repayments of debt and equity securities

No debt or equity securities were issued, redeemed or repurchased in Q3 2011.

Earnings per share

	Sep 30 2011	Sep 30 2010
Weighted average number of shares	10,476,210	9,572,003
Earnings attributable to owners of the parent	14,355	119
Earnings per share	1.37	0.01
Diluted earnings per share	1.37	0.01

Material events subsequent to the end of Q3 2011 not disclosed in the financial statements for Q3 2011 but having a potentially material bearing on future performance of the SECO/WARWICK Group

In the business activities of SECO/WARWICK S.A. and its subsidiaries, there were no particular events that might have a material bearing on the future performance of SECO/WARWICK S.A. and its Group but have not been disclosed in the quarterly report.

Other supplementary information

1. Changes in the Group's structure, including changes resulting from mergers, acquisitions or disposals of the Group undertakings, long-term investments, demergers, restructuring or discontinued operations

On August 9th 2011, SECO/WARWICK GmbH of Germany became a member of the SECO/WARWICK Group. SECO/WARWICK S.A holds 51% of shares in the company, while Mr Thomas Wingers is a minority shareholder.

The SECO/WARWICK GmbH's objective is to boost sales of products of the atmosphere and vacuum furnaces segment, in particular those manufactured with the use of the LPC technology, i.e. low pressure vacuum carburizing and pre-nitriding in line with the PreNitLPC[®] and FineCarb[®] technologies. SECO/WARWICK GmbH will offer furnaces manufactured by SECO/WARWICK S.A. and SECO/WARWICK ThermAL S.A., and will provide technical consulting services for customers in Germany, Austria, the Netherlands, Liechtenstein and Slovenia.

The German subsidiary, SECO/WARWICK GmbH, will be managed by Mr Thomas Wingers, who has 25 years of experience in the metal heat treatment industry. The changes within the SECO/WARWICK Group's structure will enhance the Group's operational efficiency on the German market.

Due to the fact that SECO/WARWICK Industrial Furnace Co. Ltd. (Tianjin) did not release its financial statements, the Management Board of SECO/WARWICK S.A. concluded that there was evidence of loss of control and, accordingly, deconsolidated the company. In accordance with IAS 27:34, necessary adjustments were made to the consolidated financial statements.

In Q3 2011, there were no other changes in the SECO/WARWICK Group's structure resulting from mergers, acquisitions or disposals of Group undertakings, long-term investments, demergers, restructuring or discontinued operations.

2. Management Board's position on the feasibility of meeting any previously published forecasts for 2011 in light of results presented in the Q3 2011 report

The Management Board of SECO/WARWICK S.A. did not publish any financial forecasts for 2011 concerning the Company or the SECO/WARWICK Group.

3. Shareholders holding, directly or indirectly, 5% of the total vote at the General Shareholders Meeting as at the release date of this report, including information on any changes that occurred subsequent to the release of the previous periodic report

Table: Shareholders holding – directly or indirectly through subsidiaries – 5% or more of the total vote at the General Shareholders Meeting as at August 31st 2011 and November 9th 2011

	Number of shares	% of share capital held	Number of votes at GM	% of total vote
SW Poland Holding B.V. (Netherlands)	4,119,508	39.32%	4,119,508	39.32%
Spruce Holding Limited Liability Company (USA)	1,726,174	16.48%*	1,726,174	16.48%*
James A. Goltz	904,207	8.63%	904,207	8.63%
ING NN OFE	600,000	5.73%*	600,000	5.73%*
OFE POLSAT S.A.	485,974	4.64%*	485,974	4.64%*

- share capital 2,095,242

- number of shares 10,476,210

- par value per share 0.2

* Percentages based on in-house calculations by SECO/WARWICK S.A. following a change in the amount and structure of the share capital effected on December 9th 2010.

There were no changes in the holdings of significant blocks of Company shares in the period from the release date of the consolidated report for H1 2011 to the release date of this report, i.e. November 9th 2011.

4. Shares of SECO/WARWICK held by members of the Management Board and Supervisory Board as at the release date of this report, including information on any changes since the publication of the H1 2011 report

Members of the Management Board and Supervisory Board of SECO/WARWICK S.A. do not hold any shares in related undertakings.

	Aug 31 2011			Decrease/increase	Nov 9 2011			
	Number of SECO/WARWICK S.A. shares held	% of share capital held	% of total vote		Number of SECO/WARWICK S.A. shares held	% of share capital held	% of total vote	Total par value of shares (PLN)
Management								
Leszek Przybysz	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Andrzej Zawistowski	307,100	2.93%	2.93%	0	307,100	2.93%	2.93%	61,420
Witold Klinowski	58,100	0.55%	0.55%	0	58,100	0.55%	0.55%	11,620
Józef Olejnik	58,100	0.55%	0.55%	0	58,100	0.55%	0.55%	11,620
Wojciech Modrzyk	400	0.004%	0.004%	0	400	0.004%	0.004%	80
Supervisory Board								
Jeffrey Boswell	229,633	2.19%	2.19%	0	229,633	2.19%	2.19%	45,927
Henryk Pilarski	1,000	0.01%	0.01%	0	1,000	0.01%	0.01%	200
Piotr Kowalewski	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Piotr Kula	8,500	0.08%	0.08%	0	8,500	0.08%	0.08%	1,700
Mariusz Czaplicki	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Artur Rusiecki	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial proxies								
Dorota Subsar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	662,833	6.31%	6.31%	0	662,833	6.31%	6.31%	132,567

Item	Nov 9 2011
Number of shares	10,476,210
Par value of shares	0.2
Share capital	2,095,242.00

In the period under analysis and until the date of release of this report, i.e. November 9th 2011, members of the Management Board and Supervisory Board of SECO/WARWICK S.A. executed no transactions involving their shares in SECO/WARWICK S.A.

5. Court, arbitration or administrative proceedings

In Q3 2011, the individual or aggregate value of any liabilities or receivables of SECO/WARWICK S.A. or the Group's undertakings toward any business partner or its group, disputed in court, arbitration or administrative proceedings, did not represent 10% or more of SECO/WARWICK S.A.'s equity.

6. Information on any single transaction or a series of transactions concluded by the Company or its subsidiary undertaking with related parties where the value of such transaction or all such transactions jointly is material and the transactions were not concluded at arm's length

In the period from the beginning of the financial year until the publication date of this Report, i.e. November 9th 2011, SECO/WARWICK S.A. and its subsidiary undertakings did not enter into any material transactions with related parties other than arm's length and routine transactions.

7. Material achievements or failures of SECO/WARWICK S.A. and its Group in Q3 2011, including a list of pertinent events

Material achievements of the SECO/WARWICK Group include:

- Significant improvement of sales in Q1-Q3 2011, relative to Q1-Q3 2010,
- Improved profitability of the Group's main companies,
- Establishment of SECO/WARWICK GmbH and continuation of strategic growth projects,
- Improvement of SECO/WARWICK Thermal S.A.'s and SECO/WARWICK Corporation's economic standing following a number of implemented changes and remedial projects,
- Group's high backlog – PLN 239.4m.

The Management Board is not aware of any material failures at the parent undertaking or any of its direct or indirect subsidiaries occurring in the analysed period or prior to the date of release of this report, i.e. November 9th 2011.

8. Sureties for loans or guarantees issued by SECO/WARWICK S.A. or its subsidiary undertakings, jointly to one entity or its subsidiary, if the total outstanding amount of such sureties or guarantees exceeds 10% of SECO/WARWICK S.A.'s equity

On March 10th 2011, Retech Systems LLC executed an annex to a credit facility agreement which raised the guarantee and credit facility limit from USD 15,000 thousand to USD 19,000 thousand. Following the increase in the facility limit, the value of the surety issued by SECO/WARWICK S.A. for Retech Systems LLC was raised by USD 4,000 thousand (PLN 11,856 thousand).

In Q3 2011, there were no other events related to sureties for loans or guarantees exceeding 10% of the Company's equity, issued by SECO/WARWICK S.A. or any of its subsidiary undertakings.

9. Other information which is, according to the Company, relevant for the assessment of its staffing levels, assets, financial standing and financial performance, as well as changes in any of the foregoing, and information relevant for the assessment of the Company's ability to fulfil its obligations

According to the Management Board of SECO/WARWICK S.A., improved conditions on the majority of the markets where the SECO/WARWICK Group's customers operate are a factor which may be relevant for the assessment of the Group's staffing levels, assets, financial standing and financial performance, as well as changes in any of the foregoing. Activities aimed at winning new orders started to deliver results. The Group secured a significant portfolio of contracts, whose value as at the

end of Q3 2011 amounted to nearly PLN 239.4m. The contracts primarily provide for deliveries of specialist melting furnaces, vacuum furnaces and atmosphere heat treatment furnaces. For instance, SECO/WARWICK ThermAL S.A. concluded three contracts with Charkowskij Podszypnikowyj Zawod of Ukraine, for a total amount of PLN 19.7m. The contracts provide for the construction and delivery of three process lines for heat treatment of bearing rings.

SECO/WARWICK S.A. concluded a PLN 13.2m contract with a company from the automotive industry. As a result, the Company is expected to achieve significantly improved financial performance in 2011.

The registration of SECO/WARWICK GmbH of Germany (Stuttgart) on August 9th 2011 was a material event which may have a positive effect on the future financial performance of the SECO/WARWICK Group. The SECO/WARWICK GmbH's objective is to boost sales of products of the atmosphere and vacuum furnaces segment, in particular those manufactured with the use of the LPC technology, i.e. low pressure vacuum carburizing and pre-nitriding in line with the PreNitLPC[®] and FineCarb[®] technologies. SECO/WARWICK GmbH will offer furnaces manufactured by SECO/WARWICK S.A. and SECO/WARWICK ThermAL S.A., and will provide technical consulting services for customers in Germany, Austria, the Netherlands, Liechtenstein and Slovenia.

On May 26th 2011, the Annual General Shareholders Meeting of SECO/WARWICK S.A. adopted Resolution No. 20 concerning distribution of profit for the period January 1st–December 31st 2010. Net profit earned by SECO/WARWICK S.A. of Świebodzin for the financial year 2010 was PLN 8,273,151.42. PLN 1,047,621.00 was allocated to dividend payment. The dividend per ordinary share amounted to PLN 0.10. The dividend record date was June 16th 2011, while the dividend payment date was July 1st 2011. The remaining portion of net profit was transferred to statutory reserve funds.

The information provided above may be relevant for the assessment of SECO/WARWICK S.A.'s ability to fulfil its obligations. As at the date of release of Q3 2011 report, the Company's operations were stable. All liabilities related to the Company's operations are settled on a timely basis.

10. Factors which in the Group's opinion will affect its results at least in the forthcoming quarter

In the opinion of the Management Board of the Issuer, the following material agreements concluded between January 1st–September 30th 2011 will affect the Group's performance at least in the coming month.

In the period November 26th 2010–February 25th 2011, SECO/WARWICK S.A. concluded with BRE Bank S.A. of Warsaw seven forward contracts for the sale of euro in the total amount of EUR 3,654,000. The value of the forward contracts totals PLN 14,527,208.

In the period March 3rd–May 31st 2011, SECO/WARWICK S.A. and SECO ThermAL S.A. (its subsidiary) executed with BRE Bank S.A. of Warsaw ten forward contracts to sell a total of EUR 5,352,000 (PLN 21,335,397) and four forward contracts to sell a total of USD 1,365,000 (PLN 3,691,242). The total value of the forward contracts amounts to PLN 25,026,639.

The forward contract to sell a total of EUR 1,000,000 (PLN 4,031,600) concluded between subsidiary SECO/WARWICK ThermAL S.A. and BRE Bank S.A. of Warsaw on March 11th 2011 was the contract with the highest value.

In the period November 29th 2010–June 1st 2011, SECO/WARWICK S.A.'s subsidiary SECO/WARWICK ThermAL S.A. concluded with Bank Zachodni WBK S.A. of Wrocław eleven forward contracts for the sale of euro in the total amount of EUR 3,917,000 (PLN 15,492,063) and

four zero-cost collars comprising long put options and short call options with the total value of EUR 1,365,000 (PLN 5,469,603). The total value of the contracts amounts to PLN 20,961,666. The forward contract to sell a total of EUR 1,210,000 (PLN 4,735,335) concluded between SECO/WARWICK Thermal S.A. and Bank Zachodni WBK of Wrocław on May 13th 2011 was the contract with the highest value.

On June 15th 2011, SECO/WARWICK Thermal S.A. of Świebodzin (a subsidiary of SECO/WARWICK S.A.) and Charkowskij Podszypnikowyj Zawod of Ukraine (a public company limited by shares) concluded three contracts for a total of EUR 5m (PLN 19,716,500 as translated at the mid-exchange rate quoted by the National Bank of Poland for June 15th 2011). The contracts provided for the construction and delivery of three process lines for heat treatment of bearing rings.

The EUR 1,765,000 (PLN 6,959,924.50) contract, valid until July 1st 2013, was the contract with the highest value.

Between June 16th and September 20th 2011, SECO/WARWICK S.A. and SECO/WARWICK Thermal S.A., its subsidiary, executed with BRE Bank S.A. of Warsaw five forward contracts for the sale of euro in the total amount of EUR 3,550,000 (PLN 14,332,986), three forward contracts to sell U.S. dollars in the total amount of USD 850,000 (PLN 2,389,280), and a zero-cost collar contract comprising a long put option and a short call option with a total value of EUR 1,100,000 (PLN 4,364,580). The total value of the contracts amounts to PLN 21,086,846.

The forward contract to sell a total of EUR 1,190,000 (PLN 4,741,674) concluded between SECO/WARWICK S.A. and BRE Bank S.A. of Warsaw on June 22nd 2011 was the contract with the highest value.

Between June 16th and September 21st 2011, SECO/WARWICK S.A.'s subsidiary SECO/WARWICK Thermal S.A. concluded with Bank Zachodni WBK S.A. of Wrocław twelve forward contracts for the sale of euro in the total amount of EUR 3,115,000 (PLN 12,455,320), four forward contracts for the sale of U.S. dollars in the total amount of USD 1,140,000 (PLN 3,564,120) and three zero-cost collar contracts comprising long put options and short call options with the total value of EUR 1,840,000 (PLN 8,061,224). The total value of the contracts amounts to PLN 24,080,664.

The forward contract to sell a total of EUR 850,000 (PLN 3,386,910) concluded between SECO/WARWICK Thermal S.A. and Bank Zachodni WBK of Wrocław on June 22nd 2011 was the contract with the highest value.

11. Description of factors and events, especially of non-recurring nature, with a material bearing on the financial performance in Q3 2011

In the SECO/WARWICK Group's operations, there were no factors or events, especially of non-recurring nature, that would have a material bearing on its financial performance in Q3 2011.